# PCR – Manually Prepared Master Mix Method for the Maxprep™ Liquid Handler



1/20 TM605



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# 1. Description

The Maxprep<sup>TM</sup> PCR - Manually Prepared Master Mix Method is designed to automate setup of amplification reactions from a manually prepared reaction master mix, including master mix dispensing, serial dilution of standard curves, sample dilution and control placements. Administrators can create variant methods in the Maxprep<sup>TM</sup> software that specify reaction setup options to meet the needs of the laboratory.

# 2. Materials to Be Supplied by the User

- amplification plate(s), user-specified
- 1.5ml tubes (e.g., ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml, Cat.# V4741)
- strip tubes, user-specified
- **optional:** 1.1ml, Square-Well V-Bottom Deep Well Plate (Cat.# V6821)
- optional: amplification plate base (e.g., ThermoFisher MicroAmp® 96-well base, Cat.# N8010531)
- **optional:** Maxprep<sup>™</sup> Reagent Reservoir, 50ml (Cat.# AS9304)
- Maxprep™ 3-Position Reagent Tube Holders (Cat.# AS9409) [up to 3 needed depending on variant settings]
- Maxprep<sup>™</sup> 50µl Conductive Disposable Tips, Filtered (Cat.# AS9301)
- Maxprep<sup>™</sup> 300µl Conductive Disposable Tips, Filtered (Cat.# AS9302)



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## 3. Run-Specific Information

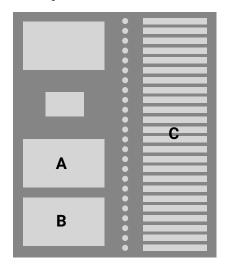
The first screen of the method requests information regarding general method run parameters such as input labware, destination labware and whether to perform a 100-fold dilution of samples prior to amplification setup.

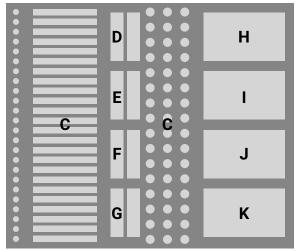
- 1. Use the drop-down menus to specify the Input Labware and Destination Labware; samples are placed on the system in the Input Labware, and the amplification reaction is prepared in the Destination Labware. Maxwell® deck trays, plates and tubes can all be used as input labware options for amplification setup.
- 2. Check 'Dilute Samples 100-fold' to dilute both samples and controls 100-fold prior to amplification setup.
- 3. The top right corner of the screen shows the Maximum Number of Samples allowable within this amplification setup run. The number displayed is based on:
  - The number of sample positions in the input labware
  - The number of control wells specified
  - The number of standards specified
  - The number of standard curve and sample replicates
  - The available space in the destination labware
- 4. To view the administrator-defined settings for this method, press the **Variant Information** button.



# 4. Instrument Setup Instructions

Below is an image and table indicating the general layout of the Maxprep  $^{\text{TM}}$  Liquid Handler and the positions of all required and optional labware for this method.





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Position	Reagent/Labware	Notes
$A^1$	Dilution Plate	1.1ml Square-Well V-Bottom Deep Well Plate
В	Amplification Plate	User-specified amplification plate
С	Input Sample Positions	Samples in Maxwell® deck trays, samples in plates, or samples in tubes.
D	User-Prepared Reaction Master Mix; up to three (3) individual tubes	Maxprep™ 3-Position Reagent Tube Holder
$\mathbf{E}^{1}$	Amplification Controls; up to three (3) individual 1.5ml tubes	Maxprep™ 3-Position Reagent Tube Holder
$F^{1,3}$	Standard (Position 1) and Standard Diluent (Position 2)	Maxprep™ 3-Position Reagent Tube Holder.
$G^1$	Sample Diluent	Maxprep™ Reagent Reservoir, 50ml
$H^1$	Standard Curve Labware <sup>2</sup>	Amplification plate base with strip tubes in column 1.
I	300μl Conductive Disposable Tips, Filtered	Partial or full rack
J	50μl Conductive Disposable Tips, Filtered	Partial or full rack
K	50μl Conductive Disposable Tips, Filtered	Full rack

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Optional labware positions based on variant settings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The standard curve labware is used to prepare standard curve serial dilutions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Position 1 is the rear position and Position 2 is the middle position in the Maxprep™ 3-Position Reagent Tube Holder.



## 5. PCR Manually Prepared Master Mix Protocol

The Maxprep™ Liquid Handler will prepare amplification reactions as indicated by the variant selected. The actual steps performed by the method will depend on the settings made in the variant method. Below are all of the steps that may be performed by the Maxprep™ Liquid Handler, depending on variant settings:

- 1. The system checks that there is a sufficient volume of sample diluent to dilute samples and controls.
- 2. Transfer of sample diluent from the sample diluent trough to the dilution plate.
- 3. Transfer of standard diluent to column 1 of the standard curve labware.
- 4. Serial dilution of standards in column 1 of the standard curve labware.
- 5. Dilution of samples 100-fold in the dilution plate.
- 6. Dilution of controls 100-fold in the dilution plate.
- 7. Transfer of manually prepared master mix to the amplification plate.
- 8. Transfer of samples to the amplification plate.
- 9. Transfer of controls to the amplification plate.
- 10. Transfer of standards to the amplification plate.
- 11. Method is complete. Open the instrument door, remove the amplification plate and centrifuge at  $500 \times g$  for 30 seconds to remove any bubbles. Prepare the plate as used with your amplification protocol. Remove primary samples, plates and used tips from the waste bin and discard as hazardous waste following your institution's recommended guidelines. Either discard or tightly cap and store remaining reagents.



Consumables for Maxprep™ methods are designed to be used with potentially infectious substances. Use appropriate protective equipment (e.g., gloves and goggles) when handling infectious substances. Adhere to your institutional guidelines for the handling and disposal of all infectious substances when used with this system.



#### 6. Variant Method Variables

Administrators should create laboratory-specific variants of the PCR — Manually Prepared Master Mix method for each amplification reaction they wish to process. The following sections describe the variables that can be adjusted by administrators. The only variable that can be adjusted by users at run time is the 100-fold dilution of samples. For all other variables listed, the administrator should define the default value for the variable within the displayed minimum and maximum allowable values.

### Controls

These variables define the layout of controls on the amplification plate. Up to three different control types can be used within a run, and multiple well locations can be defined for each control type. Options within the table below are available for each of three control types. Within the table, X indicates the value 1, 2 or 3.

**Note:** Placement of controls on the plate occurs sequentially. If the same well location is specified for controls 1, 2 and 3, only control 3 will be placed at that location.

Setting	Details
Control #X Concentration	Concentration value of the control; used for reporting purposes.
Control X Name	Name of the control; identifies the control during instrument setup.
Control #X Well Numbers <sup>1</sup>	Well locations where the control should be placed. For multiple control wells, specify the well locations as a commadelimited list (e.g., 1, 17).

<sup>1</sup>Well numbering proceeds down columns and across the plate. For example, A1 = 1, B1 = 2, A2 = 9, etc. A well numbering diagram is displayed in the *Amplification Setup Methods for the Maxprep* ™ *Liquid Handler Technical Manual #TM526*.

# Reaction

These variables define the volumes of reaction components used to create the amplification reaction master mix. The total reaction volume is the sum of the volumes of each component and the sample.

Setting	Details
Master Mix Volume (μl)	Volume of master mix per reaction.
Sample Assay Volume (μl)	Volume of sample per reaction.



# 6. Variant Method Variables Samples (continued)

## **Samples**

These variables define how a method should process samples for the amplification setup.

Setting	Details
Dilute Samples 100-Fold	Check this box to dilute samples and controls 100-fold prior to amplification setup. Users can modify this variable at run time; toggle the <b>User Modifiable</b> check box to allow or prevent user access at run time.
Sample Replicate Number	Specify the number of replicates that should be prepared for each sample. The entire set of samples is placed on the amplification plate as a group, and then the entire group is replicated.

## Standards

The standards variables define the concentration of the standard stock, the concentration of each standard, the number of standard curve points and the number of standard curve replicates to use for the amplification setup. A standard curve does not need to be prepared during reaction setup.

# **Prepare Standard Curve**

This checkbox determines whether a standard curve will be prepared for an amplification setup. Check the box to create a standard curve as defined by the Standards variables. Leave the box unchecked to prepare amplification reactions without any standard curve.

#### Standard Concentration

Concentrations for up to eight standards can be specified to define the standard curve for the amplification plate. Concentration units are not provided for the standards to allow each laboratory to define the units (e.g.,  $ng/\mu l$ ,  $pg/\mu l$ , copies/ $\mu l$ , etc.); however, all standard concentrations must be specified in the same unit. The first standard must have the highest concentration with each subsequent standard decreasing in concentration. The final standard to be used in the standard curve should be a No-Template Control (NTC) with a concentration of 0. Any standard positions that are not to be used should be assigned a concentration of -1. Standard curves will be prepared on the right side of the amplification plate with the final NTC curve point in well H12 of a 96-well plate, and the other curve points arrayed sequentially above.

**Note:** The maximum dilution between standard curve points should be no greater than 25-fold.

## **Stock Concentration for Standards**

The concentration of the standard stock should be entered in the same unit defined for the standard curve points. The standard stock must have a concentration equal to or higher than the concentration of the first standard in the standard curve.



## **Standard Curve Replicates**

This variable specifies the number of standard curve replicates that should be prepared on the amplification plate. Standard curves are placed on the right side of the amplification plate with each successive standard curve replicate shifted one column to the left. As the number of standard curve replicates increases, the total number of samples that can be processed on a given amplification plate decreases.

It is the manufacturer's responsibility to provide equipment electromagnetic compatibility information to the customer or user.

It is the user's responsibility to ensure that a compatible electromagnetic environment for the equipment can be maintained in order that the device will perform as intended.

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