

TECHNICAL MANUAL

# PowerPlex® 5C Matrix Standards, 310

Instructions for Use of Product  
**DG5640**



# PowerPlex® 5C Matrix Standards, 310

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## 1. Description

Proper generation of a matrix file is critical to evaluate multicolor STR data with the ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer. To prepare a matrix, five standards are analyzed using the same capillary electrophoresis (CE) conditions that are used for samples and allelic ladders. The PowerPlex® 5-Dye Matrix Standards, 310<sup>(a)</sup>, consists of DNA fragments labeled with five different fluorescent dyes. One tube contains DNA fragments labeled with fluorescein, one tube contains DNA fragments labeled with JOE, one tube contains DNA fragments labeled with TMR-ET, one tube contains DNA fragments labeled with CXR-ET, and one tube contains DNA fragments labeled with WEN. The PowerPlex® 5-Dye Matrix Standards, 310, can be used with any of the 5-dye Promega STR amplification systems. Use the Fluorescein Matrix, JOE Matrix, TMR-ET Matrix, CXR-ET Matrix and WEN Matrix for the blue, green, yellow, red and orange standards, respectively.

A matrix must be generated for each individual instrument. A new matrix should be run after major maintenance on the system, such as changing the laser, calibrating or replacing the CCD camera or changing the polymer type or capillary array. We also recommend that you generate a new matrix after the instrument is moved to a new location. In some instances, a software upgrade may necessitate generation of a new matrix. Individual labs should determine the frequency of matrix generation.

Protocols to operate the fluorescence-detection instrumentation should be obtained from the manufacturer.

## 2. Product Components and Storage Conditions

PRODUCT	SIZE	CAT.#
<b>PowerPlex® 5C Matrix Standards, 310</b>	<b>50µl (each dye)</b>	<b>DG5640</b>

Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. Includes:

- 50µl Fluorescein Matrix, 5-Dye (310)
- 50µl JOE Matrix, 5-Dye (310)
- 50µl TMR-ET Matrix, 5-Dye (310)
- 50µl CXR-ET Matrix, 5-Dye (310)
- 50µl WEN Matrix, 5-Dye (310)

**Storage Conditions:** Upon receipt, store all components at –30°C to –10°C in a nonfrost-free freezer, protected from light. Do not store reagents in the freezer door, where the temperature can fluctuate. We strongly recommend that you store the PowerPlex® 5C Matrix Standard with the post-amplification reagents. The fragments in the matrix standards are light-sensitive and must be stored in the dark.

**!** Use these matrix standards once, and then discard them.

Additional product information and ordering information for accessory components and related products are available upon request from Promega or at: [www.promega.com](http://www.promega.com)

## 3. Detection of Matrix Fragments Using the ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer, GeneMapper® ID or GeneMapper® ID-X Software, and POP-4® Polymer

### Materials to Be Supplied by the User

- 95°C dry heating block, water bath or thermal cycler
- crushed ice or ice-water bath
- 310 capillaries, 47cm × 50µm
- performance optimized polymer 4 (POP-4® polymer; see note below)
- 10X genetic analyzer buffer
- sample tubes and septa
- aerosol-resistant pipette tips
- Hi-Di™ formamide (Applied Biosystems Cat.# 4311320)

**!** The quality of formamide is critical. Use Hi-Di™ formamide. Freeze formamide in aliquots at –20°C. Multiple freeze-thaw cycles or long-term storage at 4°C can cause breakdown of formamide. Poor-quality formamide can contain ions that compete with DNA during injection, which results in lower peak heights and reduced sensitivity. A longer injection time may not increase the signal.

**!** Formamide is an irritant and a teratogen; avoid inhalation and contact with skin. Read the warning label, and take the necessary precautions when handling this substance. Always wear gloves and safety glasses when working with formamide.

**Note:** When using the PowerPlex® ESI 16 and 17 Pro Systems (Cat.# DC6770, DC6771, DC7780, DC7781) and PowerPlex® ESI 16 and 17 Fast Systems (Cat.# DC1620, DC1621, DC1720, DC1721), the use of performance optimized polymer 6 (POP-6®) might be necessary to resolve the 17.3 and 18 alleles and 18.3 and 19 alleles in the D12S391 allelic ladder and the 11.3 and 12 alleles in the D2S441 allelic ladder. See Section 4.

### 3.A. Instrument Preparation

Refer to the *ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer User's Manual* for instructions on cleaning the pump block, installing the capillary, calibrating the autosampler and adding polymer to the syringe.

1. Open the ABI PRISM® 310 Data Collection Software, Version 3.1.0.
2. To preheat the ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer to 60°C, select "Manual Control" in the Window menu. In the Function menu, select "Temperature Set". Set Value to "60.0", and then select "Execute". Close the Manual Control screen.
3. In the File menu, select "New" to open the Create New menu. Open a GeneScan® sample sheet (either "48-Tube" or "96-Tube").
4. In the upper right corner of the sample sheet, change "4 Dyes" to "5 Dyes". Enter the appropriate sample information in the Sample Name field. Matrix sample names should be descriptive; for example, add the color to the sample name. Label tubes with the corresponding sample names.
5. To save the sample sheet, select "Save As" in the File menu. Assign a name to the file, and save to the Sample Sheet folder. Close the file.
6. In the File menu, select "New" to open the Create New menu.
7. Open the GeneScan® injection list.
8. Select the sample sheet (i.e., the .gss file) that was created in Step 5.
9. Choose the GS STR POP4 (1mL) G5v2.md5 module from the drop-down menu.  
The settings should be:

Injection Time:	3 seconds
Injection Voltage:	15.0kV
Run Voltage:	15.0kV
Run Temperature:	60°C
Run Time:	28 minutes

**Note:** The injection time may need to be increased or decreased, depending on instrument sensitivity. Peak heights of 1,000–4,000RFU are optimal for matrix generation.

10. Select "none" for the matrix file.

### 3.B. Matrix Sample Preparation

1. Thaw the matrix standards on ice. For each matrix standard, vortex the tube for 5–10 seconds to mix, and then add 2µl of matrix standard to 25µl of Hi-Di™ formamide.
2. Denature each sample for 3 minutes at 95°C, and immediately chill on crushed ice or in an ice-water bath for 3 minutes. Denature samples just prior to loading.
3. Place tubes in the appropriate autosampler tray (48-tube or 96-well).
4. Place the autosampler tray in the instrument, and close the instrument doors.

### 3.C. Capillary Electrophoresis and Detection

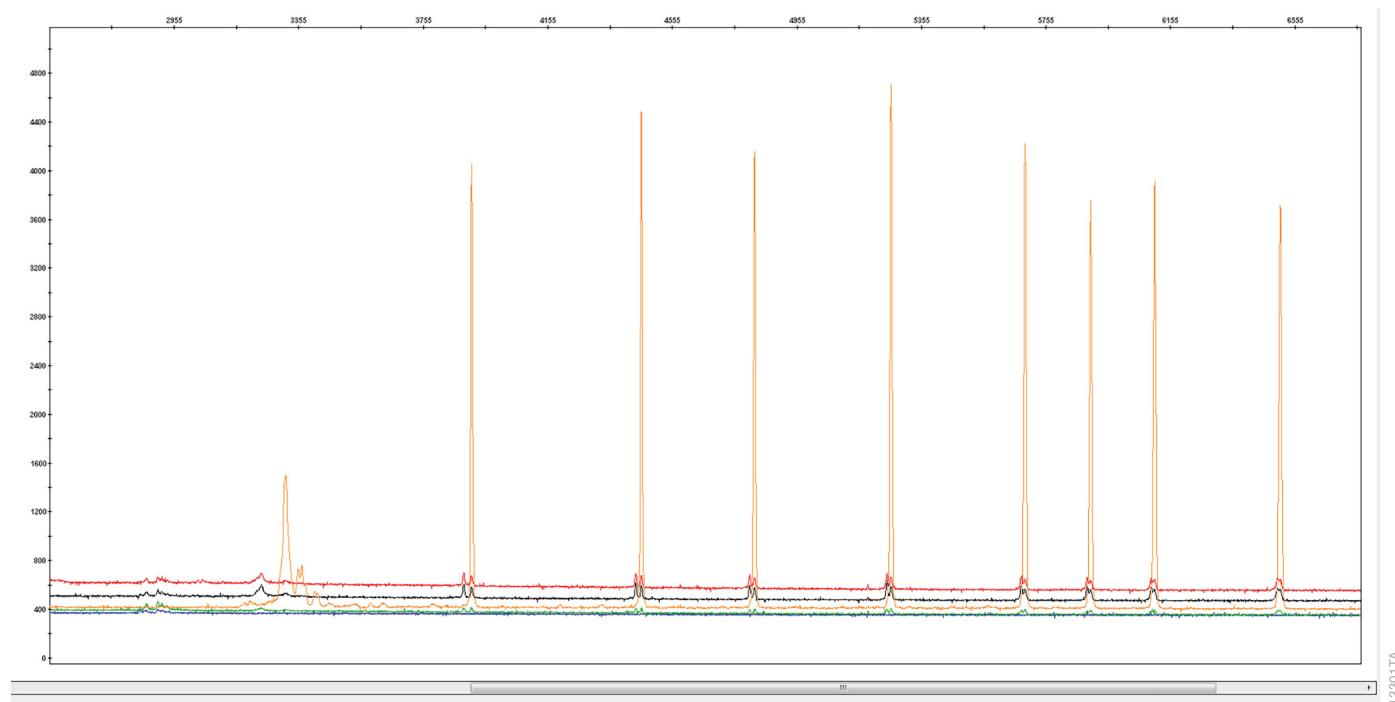
1. After loading the sample tray and closing the doors, select “Run” to start the capillary electrophoresis system.
2. Monitor the electrophoresis by observing the raw data and status windows.

Each sample will take approximately 40 minutes for syringe pumping, sample injection and electrophoresis.

**Note:** The matrix files that are created will be .fsa files. After the run is finished, save or transfer the .fsa files to a secure location where they can be opened in a GeneMapper® project.

### 3.D. Matrix Generation for the ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer

1. Open a new GeneMapper® project. To add matrix sample files to the new project, select “Add Samples to Project” in the File menu for GeneMapper® ID software or the Edit menu for GeneMapper® ID-X software. Choose the appropriate run folder containing the .fsa files from Section 3.C. Highlight the run folder, and select “Add To List” then “Add”.
2. To open the raw data for a specific matrix sample file, locate “Project” in the upper left corner of the screen, and double-click on the run folder to reveal the .fsa files.
3. Choose a single .fsa file to observe the raw data. While viewing the raw data, move the cursor to the region that is to the right of the primer peak and to the left of at least five peaks. Choose a region in a flat part of the baseline. An example of WEN raw data is shown in Figure 1.



**Figure 1. WEN Matrix raw data.** The WEN Matrix standard was analyzed using an ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer and POP-4® polymer. GeneMapper® ID software was used to view the raw data.

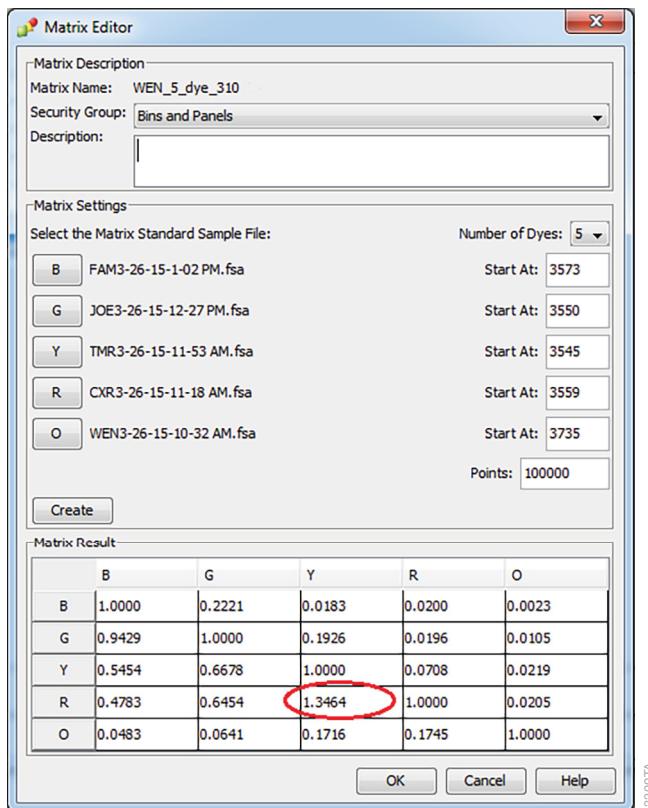
4. Record the data point value found at the lower left portion of the screen for use in Step 6. Repeat this step for each matrix standard.

Dye Color	Corresponding Matrix	“Start At” Value
Blue	Fluorescein Matrix	
Green	JOE Matrix	
Yellow	TMR-ET Matrix	
Red	CXR-ET Matrix	
Orange	WEN Matrix	

5. To create a new matrix, select “GeneMapper Manager” in the Tools menu. Select the Matrices tab and then “New”.
6. Define the new matrix in the Matrix Editor (Figure 2).

**Note:** The Matrix Name, “Start At” values and Matrix Result values shown in Figure 2 are instrument-specific and will change depending on your instrument and whether you are using POP-4® or POP-6® polymer.

- Assign a matrix name in the Matrix Name field.
  - Set Number of Dyes to “5”.
  - To select each matrix standard sample file, click on the dye color for each matrix (B for fluorescein, G for JOE, Y for TMR-ET, R for CXR-ET and O for WEN). Navigate to the .fsa sample file that corresponds to that dye, and double-click on it to add the sample file. Repeat this step for each matrix standard.
- Note:** To find the .fsa files in the default location, go to: “My Computer”, “AB SW8DATA (D:)”, “Applied Bio”, “310” and then “Runs”, and locate the correct run folder.
- Enter the data point value recorded from Step 4 in the “Start at” field. Repeat this step for each matrix standard.
  - Click on the Create button. The Matrix Result should give a value of 1.000 when comparing a dye to itself. Typically, all other values will be less than 1.000 except for the value indicated in red in Figure 2.
- Select “OK”, and the matrix will be created in the Matrices tab of the GeneMapper® Manager. Select “Done”.



13300TA

**Figure 2. The Matrix Editor.**

#### 4. Detection of Matrix Fragments Using the ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer, GeneMapper® ID or GeneMapper® ID-X Software, and POP-6® Polymer

##### Materials to Be Supplied by the User

- 95°C dry heating block, water bath or thermal cycler
- crushed ice or ice-water bath
- 310 capillaries, 47cm × 50µm
- performance optimized polymer 6 (POP-6® polymer; see note below)
- 10X genetic analyzer buffer
- sample tubes and septa
- aerosol-resistant pipette tips
- Hi-Di™ formamide (Applied Biosystems Cat.# 4311320)

**!** The quality of formamide is critical. Use Hi-Di™ formamide. Freeze formamide in aliquots at -20°C. Multiple freeze-thaw cycles or long-term storage at 4°C can cause breakdown of formamide. Poor-quality formamide can contain ions that compete with DNA during injection, which results in lower peak heights and reduced sensitivity. A longer injection time may not increase the signal.

**!** Formamide is an irritant and a teratogen; avoid inhalation and contact with skin. Read the warning label, and take the necessary precautions when handling this substance. Always wear gloves and safety glasses when working with formamide.

**Note:** When using the PowerPlex® ESI 16 and 17 Pro Systems (Cat.# DC6770, DC6771, DC7780, DC7781) and PowerPlex® ESI 16 and 17 Fast Systems (Cat.# DC1620, DC1621, DC1720, DC1721), the use of POP-6® polymer might be necessary to resolve the 17.3 and 18 alleles and 18.3 and 19 alleles in the D12S391 allelic ladder and the 11.3 and 12 alleles in the D2S441 allelic ladder.

#### 4.A. Instrument Preparation

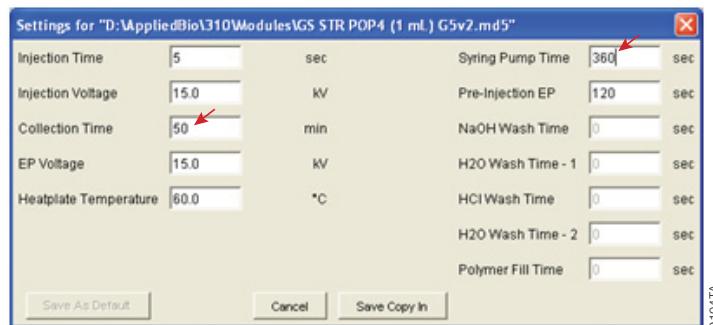
Refer to the *ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer User's Manual* for instructions on cleaning the pump block, installing the capillary, calibrating the autosampler and adding polymer to the syringe.

1. Open the ABI PRISM® 310 Data Collection Software, Version 3.1.0.
2. To preheat the ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer to 60°C, select "Manual Control" in the Window menu. In the Function menu, select "Temperature Set". Set Value to "60.0", and then select "Execute".
3. It is necessary to create a module for use with POP-6® polymer at the first use. This module can be saved and used for subsequent runs. To make and save a module for use with POP-6® polymer, choose the GS STR POP4 (1mL) G5v2.md5 module using the drop-down menu under "Module".
4. Click on the folded page icon (Figure 3).



**Figure 3. The Manual Control screen.**

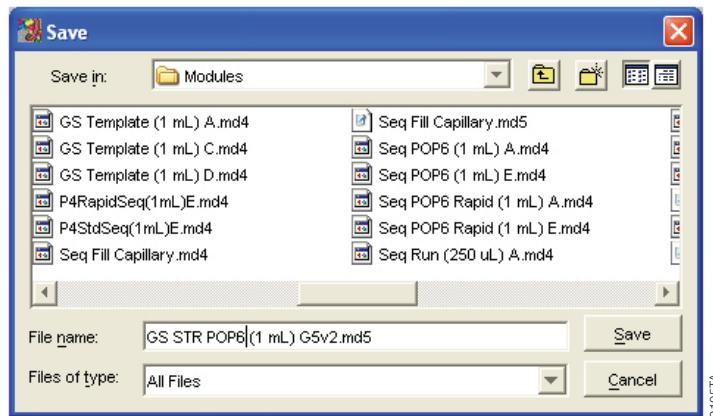
5. Change the Collection Time to "50" and Syringe Pump Time to "360" (Figure 4). Select "Save Copy In".



**Figure 4. Changing the collection time and syringe pump time.**

#### 4.A. Instrument Preparation (continued)

6. Save the new module in the Modules folder. Change the file name to “GS STR POP6 (1mL) G5v2.md5”, and select “Save” (Figure 5).



**Figure 5. The Save screen.**

7. In the File menu, select “New” to open the Create New menu. Open a GeneScan® sample sheet (either “48-Tube” or “96-Tube”).
8. In the upper right corner of the sample sheet, change “4 Dyes” to “5 Dyes”. Enter the appropriate sample information in the Sample Name field. Matrix sample names should be descriptive; for example, add the color to the sample name. Label tubes with the corresponding sample names.
9. To save the sample sheet, select “Save As” in the File menu. Assign a name to the file, and save to the Sample Sheet folder. Close the file.
10. In the File menu, select “New” to open the Create New menu.
11. Open the GeneScan® injection list.
12. Select the sample sheet (i.e., the .gss file) that was created in Step 9.
13. Choose the GS STR POP6 (1mL) G5v2.md5 module created in Step 6 using the drop-down menu.

The settings should be:

Injection Time: 3 seconds

Injection Voltage: 15.0kV

Run Voltage: 15.0kV

Run Temperature: 60°C

Run Time: 50 minutes

**Note:** The injection time may need to be increased or decreased, depending on instrument sensitivity. Peak heights of 1,000–4,000RFU are optimal for matrix generation.

14. Select “none” for the matrix file.

#### **4.B. Matrix Sample Preparation**

1. Thaw the matrix standards. For each matrix standard, vortex the tube for 5–10 seconds to mix, and then add 2µl of matrix standard to 25µl of Hi-Di™ formamide.
2. Denature each sample for 3 minutes at 95°C, and immediately chill on crushed ice or in an ice-water bath for 3 minutes. Denature samples just prior to loading.
3. Place tubes in the appropriate autosampler tray (48-tube or 96-tube).
4. Place the autosampler tray in the instrument, and close the instrument doors.

#### **4.C. Capillary Electrophoresis and Detection**

1. After loading the sample tray and closing the doors, select “Run” to start the capillary electrophoresis system.
2. Monitor the electrophoresis by observing the raw data and status windows.

Each sample will take approximately 60 minutes for syringe pumping, sample injection and electrophoresis.

**Note:** The matrix files that are created will be .fsa files. After the run is finished, save or transfer the .fsa files to a secure location where they can be opened in a GeneMapper® project.

#### **4.D. Matrix Generation for the ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer**

1. Open a new GeneMapper® project. To add matrix sample files to the new project, select “Add Samples to Project” in the File menu for GeneMapper® ID software or the Edit menu for GeneMapper® ID-X software. Choose the appropriate run folder containing the .fsa files from Section 4.C. Highlight the run folder, and select “Add To List” and then “Add”.
2. To open the raw data for a specific matrix sample file, locate “Project” in the upper left corner of the screen, and double-click on the run folder to reveal the .fsa files.
3. Choose a single .fsa file to observe the raw data. While reviewing the raw data, move the cursor to the region that is to the right of the primer peak and to the left of at least five peaks. Choose a region in the flat part of the baseline.
4. Record the data point value found at the lower left portion of the screen for use in Step 6. Repeat this step for each matrix standard.

Dye Color	Corresponding Matrix	“Start At” Value
Blue	Fluorescein Matrix	
Green	JOE Matrix	
Yellow	TMR-ET Matrix	
Red	CXR-ET Matrix	
Orange	WEN Matrix	

5. To create a new matrix, select “GeneMapper Manager” in the Tools menu. Select the Matrices tab and then “New”.

#### 4.D. Matrix Generation for the ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer (continued)

6. Define the new matrix in the Matrix Editor (Figure 2).

**Note:** The Matrix Name, “Start At” values and Matrix Result values shown in Figure 2 are instrument-specific and will change depending on your instrument and whether you are using POP-4® or POP-6® polymer.

- a. Assign a matrix name in the Matrix Name field.

- b. Set Number of Dyes to “5”.

- c. To select each matrix standard sample file, click on the dye color for each matrix (B for fluorescein, G for JOE, Y for TMR-ET, R for CXR-ET and O for WEN). Navigate to the .fsa sample file that corresponds to that dye, and double-click on it to add the sample file. Repeat this step for each matrix standard.

**Note:** To find the .fsa files in the default location, go to: “My Computer”, “AB SW8DATA (D:)”, “Applied Bio”, “310” and then “Runs”, and locate the correct run folder.

- d. Enter the data point value recorded from Step 4 in the “Start at” field. Repeat this step for each matrix standard.

- e. Click on the Create button. The Matrix Result should give a value of 1.000 when comparing a dye to itself. Typically, all other values will be less than 1.000 except for the value indicated in red in Figure 2.

Select “OK”, and the matrix will be created in the Matrices tab of the GeneMapper® Manager. Select “Done”.

### 5. Troubleshooting

For questions not addressed here, please contact your local Promega Branch Office or Distributor. Contact information available at: [www.promega.com](http://www.promega.com). E-mail: [genetic@promega.com](mailto:genetic@promega.com)

#### Symptoms

Unable to generate a matrix due to faint or no peaks

#### Causes and Comments

Peak heights were too low. Peak heights should be 1,000–4,000RFU for the ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer. To increase peak heights, increase the injection time or loading volume.

Poor capillary electrophoresis (CE) injection. Re-inject the sample. Check the syringe for leakage. Check the laser power.

Poor-quality formamide was used. Use only fresh Hi-Di™ formamide.

Samples were degraded due to improper storage. Store matrix standards at –30°C to –10°C, protected from light. Do not store in the freezer door or in a frost-free freezer. We recommend using these matrix standards once and then discarding them.

Samples were not denatured. Heat-denature samples, and immediately chill on crushed ice or in an ice-water bath before loading the capillary. Denature samples just prior to loading.

<b>Symptoms</b>	<b>Causes and Comments</b>
Peak heights too high	Peak heights were above 4,000RFU. To decrease peak heights, decrease the injection time or loading volume.
Poor-quality matrix (extra peaks visible in one or all of the color channels)	CE-related artifacts (“spikes”). Minor voltage changes or urea crystals passing by the laser can cause “spikes” or unexpected peaks. Spikes sometimes appear in one color but often are easily identified by their presence in more than one color. Re-inject the samples to confirm.
	CE-related artifacts (contaminants). Contaminants in the water used with the ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer and for diluting the 10X genetic analyzer buffer can generate peaks in the fluorescein and JOE dye channels. Use autoclaved water to clean the pump block and prepare sample dilutions. Change vials, and wash the buffer reservoir.
Extra peaks in the CXR-ET dye channels	Extra peaks may appear in the CXR-ET dye channels but do not affect matrix quality.
Poor-quality matrix (elevated baseline and/or inverted peaks in analyzed samples)	Matrix used was generated on another instrument. A matrix must be generated for each instrument.
	Wrong dye was used. Generate the matrix using the same dyes as those in the samples.
	Oversubtraction of signal occurred because signal was saturated. When generating a matrix, avoid choosing samples with peak heights that are higher than the recommended RFU values, as this can result in a matrix that causes inverted peaks or elevated baseline. Analyzed sample results may be improved by diluting matrix samples in water before preparing them for use. Alternatively, decrease the injection time.
Inverted peaks in matrix baseline	Inappropriate or no “Start At” value was entered. The “Start At” value entered in Sections 3.D or 4.D should be chosen in a region with a flat baseline.
	Wrong colors were assigned to the dyes. Confirm the dye and color selection:  Fluorescein: Blue JOE: Green TMR-ET: Yellow CXR-ET: Red WEN Orange

## 5. Troubleshooting (continued)

### Symptoms

Previously generated matrix no longer performs optimally

### Causes and Comments

Changes to or aging of instrument components. Instrument sensitivity can change if the instrument is moved or recently serviced (replacement or realignment of the laser, CCD camera, power supply or mirrors). The sensitivity also can change over time due to aging of the instrument. These changes can result in poor matrix performance. Generate a new matrix.

## 6. Related Products

Product	Size	Cat.#
PowerPlex® Fusion System	200 reactions	DC2402
	800 reactions	DC2408
PowerPlex® Y23 System	50 reactions	DC2305
	200 reactions	DC2320
PowerPlex® 21 System	200 reactions	DC8902
	4 × 200 reactions	DC8942
PowerPlex® 18D System	200 reactions	DC1802
	800 reactions	DC1808
PowerPlex® ESX 16 Fast System	100 reactions	DC1611
	400 reactions	DC1610
PowerPlex® ESX 17 Fast System	100 reactions	DC1711
	400 reactions	DC1710
PowerPlex® ESI 16 Fast System	100 reactions	DC1621
	400 reactions	DC1620
PowerPlex® ESI 17 Fast System	100 reactions	DC1721
	400 reactions	DC1720
PowerPlex® ESX 16 System	100 reactions	DC6711
	400 reactions	DC6710
PowerPlex® ESX 17 System	100 reactions	DC6721
	400 reactions	DC6720
PowerPlex® ESI 16 System	100 reactions	DC6771
	400 reactions	DC6770
PowerPlex® ESI 17 Pro System	100 reactions	DC7781
	400 reactions	DC7780

Not for Medical Diagnostic Use.

<sup>(a)</sup>TMR-ET, CXR-ET and WEN dyes are proprietary.

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Hi-Di is a trademark of Applera Corporation. POP-4 and POP-6 are registered trademarks of Life Technologies Corporation.

Products may be covered by pending or issued patents or may have certain limitations. Please visit our Web site for more information.

All prices and specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

Product claims are subject to change. Please contact Promega Technical Services or access the Promega online catalog for the most up-to-date information on Promega products.